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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/813,867	03/30/2004	Geraint North	GB920095013US1	5560
32329 IBM CORPOR.	7590 11/30/200 ATION	EXAMINER		
	AL PROPERTY LAW	KANG, INSUN		
11501 BURNE AUSTIN, TX 7	=		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2193	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			11/30/2009	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

attm@us.ibm.com

Office Action Commence		Applicat	on No.	Applicant(s)				
		10/813,8	67	NORTH, GERAINT				
Office Action Summary			r	Art Unit				
		INSUN K		2193				
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).								
Status								
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) filed o	n 23 <i>July</i> 2009.						
•	* *	This action is ⊢	non-final.					
· · · ·	Since this application is in condition for	— allowance excep	t for formal matters, pro	secution as to the	e merits is			
<i>′</i> —	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims	·	•					
4)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-49,51-62 and 64-67</u> is/are pe	ending in the app	lication.					
-	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-49, 51-62, and 64-67</u> is/are rejected.							
· ·	Claim(s) is/are objected to.	•						
•	Claim(s) are subject to restriction	and/or election	requirement.					
Applicati	on Papers							
· · ·	The specification is objected to by the Ex	vaminor						
			\□ objected to by the I	Evaminer				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
			-		FR 1 121(d)			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119	### # ################################		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
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12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).								
مار	a) All b) Some * c) None of:							
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage 								
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).								
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.								
Goo the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.								
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Attachmen 1) Notice	e of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date								
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application 6) Other:								
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DETAILED ACTION

1. This action is in response to the amendment filed on 7/23/2009.

2. Claims 1-49, 51-62, and 64-67 are pending in the application.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 1-4, 6-9, 11, 13-15, 17-20, 22-25, 27, 29-31, 33-36, 38-41, 43, 45-47, 49, 52-54, and 56-67 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Babaian et al. (US Patent 6,820,255) hereafter Babaian in view of Schwarm et al. (US 6,813,522) hereafter Schwarm.

Per claim 1:

Babaian discloses:

- Providing a first translator instance which translates the subject code of the first program into the target code including translating a first portion of subject code into a portion of target code; (i.e. "first translate foreign binary code to equivalent host code," col. 5 lines 17-24; "where the foreign code sequence...is the code ...or a portion of the code...that was previously translated," col. 9 lines 25-35)
- caching said portion of the target code in the shared code cache facility(i.e. "the cache of host code," col. 3 lines 26-43; see Fig. 4 which shows the database cache for minimizing the need to translate foreign code at run-time; col. 4 lines 12-15)

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• providing a second translator instance which translates the subject code into the target

code including retrieving the cached portion of the target code upon a compatibility

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detection between said cached portion of the target code and a second portion of the

subject code (i.e. "compares at least a portion of the foreign code sequence... with a

portion of the foreign code stored in database...associated with the binary translated

code...loads the binary translated code," col. 8 lines 37-48; col. 9 lines 23-35).

Babaian does not explicitly disclose providing a second translator instance which is

different from the first translator instance and which translates the subject code of the second

program into the target code, wherein the second translator instance operates simultaneously

with the first translator instance. However, Schwarm teaches it was known in the pertinent art,

at the time applicant's invention was made, to achieve parallel translation and execution (i.e.

claim 5). It would have been obvious for one having ordinary skill in the art to modify

Babaian's disclosed system to incorporate the teachings of Schwarm. The modification would

be obvious because one having ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to translate code in

parallel.

Schwarm further discloses: copying at least one part of the shared code cache facility to a

private portion of memory associated with the second translator instance upon modification of

the at least one part of the shared code cache facility by the second translator instance (i.e. claim

5).

Per claim 2:

Babaian further discloses:

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wherein compatibility of cache translations and subject code to be translated is
 determined by cache key comparison between a cache key associated with the first

portion of the subject code and the second portion of the subject code (i.e.

"recognizing the foreign code uses hash coding for determining an associative

location in database...to identify the location in database where corresponding

translated binary code is stored," col. 10 lines 47-55; "After the hash value and entry

point address into the database is determined," col. 11 lines 59-64).

Per claim 3:

Babaian further discloses:

wherein the cache key is the byte sequence that encodes the corresponding subject

code instruction sequence of the respective first and second portions of subject code

(i.e. "determining an associative location in database," col. 10 lines 47-55).

Per claim 4:

Babaian further discloses:

• wherein the cache key is a hash of the corresponding subject code instruction

sequence of the respective first and second portions of subject code (i.e. "After the

hash value and entry point address into the database is determined," col. 11 lines 59-

64).

Per claim 6:

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Babaian further discloses:

• wherein the cache key comprises a plurality of metrics (i.e. i.e. provide it with profile

information," col. 6 lines 59-67 which includes a plurality of metrics such as pc,

counters, timers, call stack etc).

Per claim 7:

Babaian further discloses:

• wherein compatibility is determined by computing a cache key data structure

corresponding to the subject code to be translated to a plurality of second data

structures, each second data structure corresponding to a different set of cached target

code instructions (i.e. "recognizing the foreign code uses hash coding for determining

an associative location in database...to identify the location in database where

corresponding translated binary code is stored," col. 10 lines 47-55).

Per claim 8:

Babaian further discloses:

• including the step of executing the target code (i.e. "the binary translated image of the

foreign code will be available for execution by the host processor...as the translated

binary code executes," col. 6 lines 28-42).

Per claim 9:

Babaian further discloses:

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• wherein translations of self-modifying code are not cached (i.e. "self-modifying

code...may not be discovered at binary translation time...is saved...by the optimizing

binary translation process 202," which is saved in 118 and not cached in code

database 208, col. 7 lines 1-8; Fig. 2).

Per claim 11:

Babaian further discloses:

• wherein the portion of target code cached comprises one or more block translations

and their respective successor lists (i.e. "If an indirect jump is detected, the process

flow proceeds back to step 302," which branches to the next instruction address

locations, col. 8 lines 54-58; Fig. 3).

Per claim 13:

Babaian further discloses:

• wherein the portion of target code cached consists of a single instruction (i.e. "the

corresponding host code stored in code database 208," col. 7 lines 45-53).

Per claim 14:

Babaian further discloses:

• wherein the portion of target code cached comprises all code blocks corresponding to

the same starting subject address (i.e. "hot spots in the foreign code," col. 12 lines 60-

67).

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Per claim 15:

Babaian further discloses:

• wherein the portion of target code cached comprises a cache unit representing a

discrete range of subject addresses (i.e. i.e. "using the disk sector as an address or

index into the database...a block of translated binary code at the address," the address

space defines a range of discrete addresses, col. 10 lines 26-40).

Per claims 17-20, 22-25, 27, and 29-31, they are the system versions of claims 1-4, 6-9,

11, and 13-15, respectively, and are rejected for the same reasons set forth in connection with the

rejection of claims 1-4, 6-9, 11, and 13-15 above.

Per claims 33-36, 38-41, 43, and 45-47, they are the medium versions of claims -1-4, 6-9,

11, and 13-15, respectively, and are rejected for the same reasons set forth in connection with the

rejection of claims 1-4, 6-9, 11, and 13-15 above.

Per claim 49, it is the medium version of claim 1, respectively, and is rejected for the

same reasons set forth in connection with the rejection of claim 1 above.

Per claim 52:

Babaian further discloses:

• wherein the first translator instance translates the first subject program including the

first portion of the subject code into the portion of the target code, and the second

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translator instance translates the second subject program including reusing the portion

of the target code created by the first translator instance (i.e. col. 3 lines 27-38).

Per claim 53:

Babaian further discloses:

• copying the portion of target code from a private storage associated with the first

translator instance to a shared code cache facility;

retrieving the portion of target code from the shared code cache facility for reuse by

the second translator instance (i.e. col. 4 lines 51-62).

Per claim 54:

Babaian further discloses:

• selectively identifying one or more static target code portions amongst a plurality of

portions of the target code produced by the first translator instance, wherein the static

target code portions are derived from static subject code portions in the subject code;

and caching the identified static target code portions (i.e. col. 3 lines 26-43; col. 6

lines 43-50).

Per claim 56:

Babaian further discloses:

selectively identifying, caching, identifying and discarding upon completing

execution of the first translator instance (i.e. col. 3 lines 26-43; col. 6 lines 43-50).

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Per claim 57:

Babaian further discloses:

• providing a shared code cache facility to cache the portion of the target code; and

selectively replacing the cached portion of target code in the shared code cache

facility where the second translator instance provides an updated translation of the

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portion of target code (i.e. col. 3 lines 26-37; 60-67).

Per claim 58:

Babaian further discloses:

• publishing the portion of target code from the first translator instance to the shared

code cache facility during execution of the first translator instance (i.e. col. 3 lines 17-

25);

retrieving the portion of the target code from the shared code cache facility for reuse

by the second translator instance (i.e. col. 3 lines 26-37);

wherein the first translator instance and the second translator instance execute

concurrently (i.e. col. 5 lines 5-16).

Per claim 59:

Babaian further discloses:

• publishing at cache synchronization points having a predetermined trigger condition

(i.e. col. 7 lines 54-67; col. 10 lines 41-46).

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Per claim 60:

Babaian further discloses:

• wherein the predetermined trigger condition is any one or more of:

(a) idle periods when the first translator instance is inactive;

(b) after a threshold number of translation structures have been generated; and

(c) upon a request by the second translator instance (i.e. col. 7 lines 54-67; col. 10

lines 41-46).

Per claim 61:

Babaian further discloses:

• providing a shared code cache facility to cache the portion of the target code; and

selectively performing optimizations of the shared code cache facility (i.e. col. 11

lines 56-67).

Per claim 62:

Babaian further discloses:

wherein the optimizations comprise any one or more of:

(a) restructuring a cache directory structure of the shared code cache facility to make

searches for a particular portion of target code more efficient;(b) deleting translations that

have been superseded by subsequent, more optimized translations of the same subject

code;(c) rearranging the shared code cache facility to locate frequently requested portions

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of target code near each other; (d) performing offline optimizations of cached translations; and (e) performing offline predictive translation to translate subject code which has not yet been translated by a translator instance but which a translator instance is expected to encounter (i.e. col. 10 lines 26-32; col. 11 lines 58-67).

Per claim 64:

Babaian further discloses:

 providing a shared code cache facility to cache the portion of target code; and distributing the shared code cache facility amongst two or more caches (i.e. col. 11 lines 25-34).

Per claim 65:

Babaian further discloses:

 the distributing step comprises providing scoped caches, ranged caches, or cache policies (i.e. col. 10 lines 41-46).

Per claim 66:

Babaian further discloses:

• aggressively optimizing the translation in the first translator instance to provide an optimized portion of target code; and reusing the optimized portion of target code in the second translator instance (i.e. col. 7 lines 1-8; col. 11 lines 29-34).

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Per claim 67:

Babaian further discloses:

• performing a less aggressive optimized translation in the second translator instance when translating the second portion of subject code for which a portion of target code is not cached (i.e. col. 11 lines 56-67).

6. Claims 5, 21, and 37 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Babaian et al. (US Patent 6,820,255) hereafter Babaian, in view of Schwarm et al. (US 6,813,522) hereafter Schwarm, in further view of Curtis et al. (US Patent 6,826,750) hereafter Curtis, and further in view of Ronstrom (US patent 6,249,788).

Per claim 5:

Babaian discloses the cache key comprising offset and length of the subject code sequence (i.e. "the location," col. 10 lines 47-55) and (5) subject memory address where subject code instruction sequence was loaded (i.e. "address is marked," col. 10 lines 25-40).

Babaian does not explicitly disclose the key comprising a version number of the translator instances. However, Curtis teaches using a version number as a key was known in the pertinent art, at the time applicant's invention was made, to identify a specific file or a portion of the file (i.e. "The key would be the version number plus the file name," col. 8 lines 59-60). It would have been obvious for one having ordinary skill in the art to modify Babaian's disclosed system to incorporate the teachings of Curtis by adding the translator's version number in the

cache key. The modification would be obvious because one having ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to identify a file or a portion of the file faster.

Babaian, Schwarm, and Curtis do not explicitly teach the key comprising a filename of executable and last modification time of file. However, Ronstrom teaches using a filename and timestamp as a key was known in the pertinent art, at the time applicant's invention was made, to identify a specific file (i.e. "file name, time stamps...are examples of keys stored in a B-tree," col. 1 lines 59-60). It would have been obvious for one having ordinary skill in the art to modify the system of Babaian and Curtis to incorporate the teachings of Ronstrom. The modification would be obvious because one having ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to identify a file or a portion of the file faster.

Per claim 21, it is the combination version of claim 5, respectively, and is rejected for the same reasons set forth in connection with the rejection of claim 5 above.

Per claim 37, it is the medium version of claim 5, respectively, and is rejected for the same reasons set forth in connection with the rejection of claim 5 above.

7. Claims 10, 26, and 42 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Babaian et al. (US Patent 6,820,255) hereafter Babaian in view of Schwarm et al. (US 6,813,522) hereafter Schwarm, further in view of Miller ("Software Based Instruction Caching for the RAW Architecture," 5/1999).

Per claim 10:

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Babaian further discloses the translation structure as a block (portion, sequence) (i.e. col. 10 lines 25-35; col. 3 lines 26-35; col. 9 lines 25-35) and dynamic binary translation (i.e. "Dynamic binary translator," col. 7 lines 9-18), which translates a simple sequence of code usually on the order of single basic block and caches the resulting sequence. Babaian does not explicitly teach that the block is indeed a basic block unit. However, Miller teaches using a basic block for a cache block was well known in the pertinent art, at the time applicant's invention was made, to ensure that "all instructions which are loaded" are executed and keep "track of entry points by keeping track of blocks (i.e. page 16, section 2.1.1 Basic Block, second paragraph)." It would have been obvious for one having ordinary skill in the art to modify Babaian's disclosed system to incorporate the teachings of Miller. The modification would be obvious because one having ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to minimize wasting of the cache space and simplify bookkeeping suggested by Miller (i.e. page 16, section 2.1.1 Basic Block, second paragraph).

Per claim 26, it is the combination version of claim 10, respectively, and is rejected for the same reasons set forth in connection with the rejection of claim 10 above.

Per claim 42, it is the medium version of claim 10, respectively, and is rejected for the same reasons set forth in connection with the rejection of claim 10 above.

8. Claims 12, 16, 28, 32, 44, and 48 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Babaian et al. (US Patent 6,820,255) hereafter Babaian in view of Schwarm et

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al. (US 6,813,522) hereafter Schwarm, further in view of Nelson et al. (US Patent 5,475,840) hereafter Nelson.

Per claim 12:

Babaian teaches converting a protion of target code into a single cache unit comprising a subject program (col. 8 lines 37-48; col. 9 lines 23-35). Babaian does not explicitly teach the cache comprising all its associated libaries. However, Nelson teaches caching a program and its associated libraries was known in the pertinent art, at the time applicant's invention was made, to minimize the "time delay in program start-up (i.e. col. 3 lines 15-21)." It would have been obvious for one having ordinary skill in the art to modify Babaian's disclosed system to incorporate the teachings of Nelson. The modification would be obvious because one having ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to minimize "the linking overhead (i.e. col. 2 lines 55-62)" as suggested by Nelson.

Per claim 16:

Babaian teaches the protion of target code cached comprising a subject program (col. 8 lines 37-48; col. 9 lines 23-35). Babaian does not explicitly teach the cached portion comprising a subject libary. However, Nelson teaches caching a library was known in the pertinent art, at the time applicant's invention was made, to minimize the "time delay in program start-up (i.e. col. 3 lines 15-21)." It would have been obvious for one having ordinary skill in the art to modify Babaian's disclosed system to incorporate the teachings of Nelson. The modification would be obvious because one having ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to minimize "the linking overhead (i.e. col. 2 lines 55-62)" as suggested by Nelson.

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Per claims 28 and 32, they are the combination versions of claims 12 and 16, respectively, and are rejected for the same reasons set forth in connection with the rejection of claims 12 and 16 above.

Per claims 44 and 48, they are the medium versions of claims 12 and 16, respectively, and are rejected for the same reasons set forth in connection with the rejection of claims 12 and 16 above.

9. Claims 51, and 55 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Babaian et al. (US Patent 6,820,255) hereafter Babaian in view of Schwarm et al. (US 6,813,522) hereafter Schwarm.

Per claim 51:

Babaian further discloses:

• said target code is cached at the end of translation of said first program (i.e. "translate the foreign code to host code...then added to the database so that it may be subsequently accessed should the need arise," col. 3 lines 30-43).

Per claim 55:

Babaian teaches identifying one or more dynamic target code portions amongst a plurality of portions of the target code produced by the first translator instance, wherein the dynamic target code portions are derived from dynamically generated portions of the subject code (i.e.col. 6 lines 50-67). Babaian does not explicitly teach that discarding the dynamic target

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code portions. However, it would have been obvious for one having ordinary skill in the pertinent art to modify Babaian's disclosed system to discard the dynamic code instead of caching for cache efficiency because such dynamic data can be changed at runtime unlike static data and also for the purpose of data security.

Response to Arguments

- 10. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-49, 51-62, and 64-67 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.
- 11. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to INSUN KANG whose telephone number is (571)272-3724. The examiner can normally be reached on M-R 7:30-6 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Lewis A. Bullock, Jr. can be reached on 571-272-3759. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

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/Insun Kang/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2193